
CHAIN QUARTERLY REPORT

**SOUTH EAST LONDON
BOROUGH**

JANUARY - MARCH 2024

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from <http://data.london.gov.uk>

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1. INTRODUCTION

This quarterly report presents information about people seen rough sleeping by outreach teams in South East London Boroughs in January - March 2024.

Information in the report is derived from the 'Combined Homelessness and Information Network' (CHAIN), a database commissioned and funded by the Greater London Authority (GLA) and managed by Homeless Link. For more information see www.homeless.org.uk/chain.

The data on which this report is based is also available in an accessible tabular format, aggregated to borough and Greater London level, in a separate CHAIN Quarterly Data Tables file. This can be downloaded from the GLA Datastore at <http://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/chain-reports>.

In the rough sleeping figures in this report people are grouped into three categories:

New rough sleepers	Those who had not been contacted by outreach teams rough sleeping before the period
Living on the streets	Those who have had a high number of contacts over 3 weeks or more which suggests they are living on the streets
Intermittent rough sleepers	People who were seen rough sleeping before the period began at some point, and contacted in the period - but not regularly enough to be 'living on the streets'

For more information about the methods used to derive statistics for this report, and definitions of different groups, please see the Methodology section.

From 2022-23 Q3 (October 2022 onwards), Lambeth has been transferred from the South West subregion to the South East subregion, for the purposes of CHAIN reporting. Amalgamated subregion totals for previous periods have been retrospectively adjusted in this report, to allow historical comparison.

2. ROUGH SLEEPER POPULATION ANALYSIS

South East London Boroughs: Headlines

Table 1: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by new, living on the streets, and intermittent breakdown

Volumes	No. Rough Sleepers	Change from last period	Change on same period last year
New Rough Sleepers (All)	302	-111	+24
New RS with no second night out	213	-59	+2
New RS with a second night out but not living on the streets	74	-54	+11
New RS joining living on the streets population*	15	+2	+11
Living on the Streets (All)	98	-33	+37
LOS - Transferred from new RS*	15	+2	+11
LOS - Known	80	-36	+25
LOS - RS205+	3	+1	+1
Intermittent Rough Sleepers	240	0	+75
Total	625	-146	+125

*This cohort is listed under both new RS and living on the streets headings, but is only counted once towards the overall total

South East London Boroughs: Achieving No Second Night Out

Chart 1: New rough sleepers 2022-23 Q4 to 2023-24 Q4

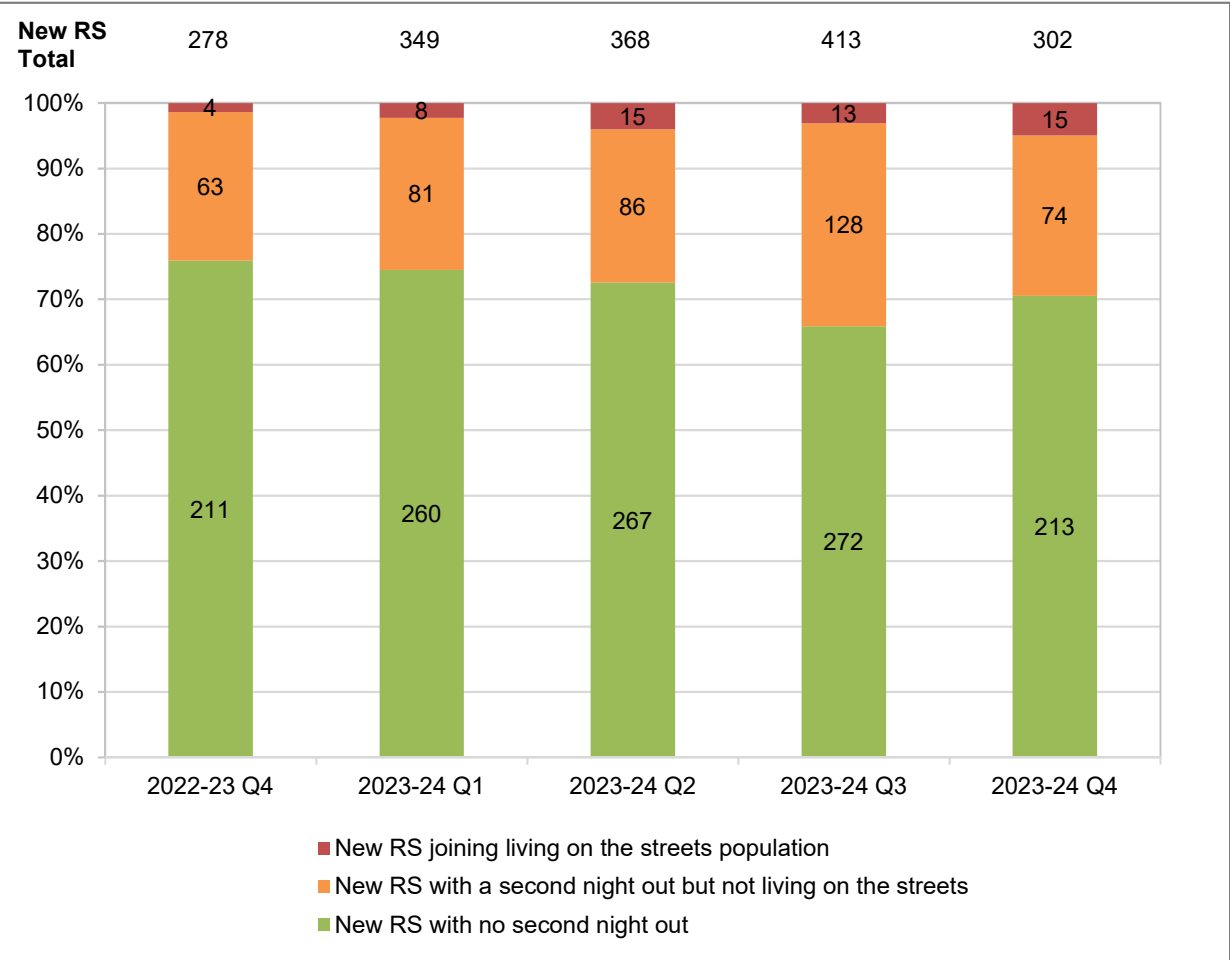


Table 2: New rough sleepers in 2023-24 Q4, by subcategory

Category	No. this period
New RS with no second night out	213
New RS with a second night out but not living on the streets	74
New RS joining living on the streets population	15
Total	302

New RS = New rough sleepers

South East London Boroughs: No One Living on the Streets

Chart 2: People living on the streets 2022-23 Q4 to 2023-24 Q4

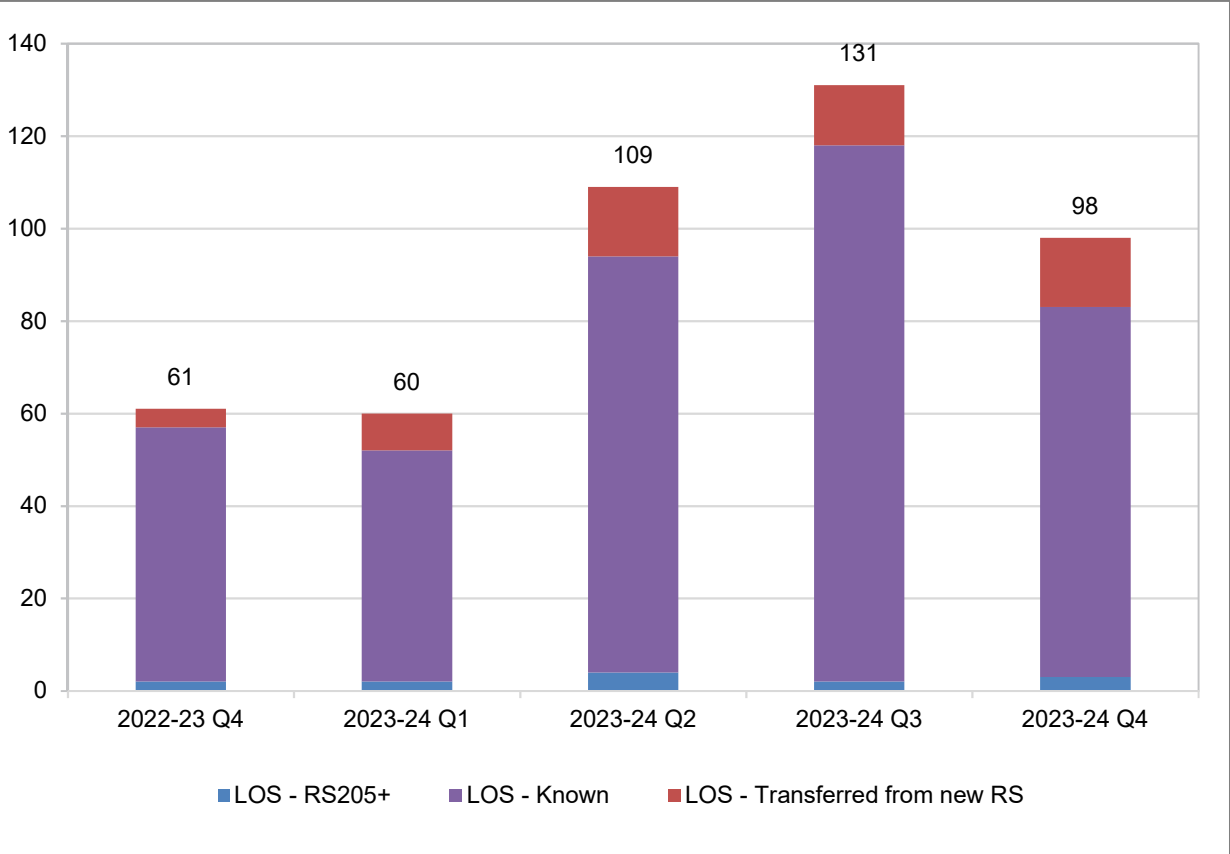


Table 3: People living on the streets in 2023-24 Q4, by subcategory

Category	No. this period
LOS - Transferred from new RS	15
LOS - Known	80
LOS - RS205+	3
Total	98

South East London Boroughs: Intermittent Rough Sleepers

Chart 3: Intermittent rough sleepers 2022-23 Q4 to 2023-24 Q4

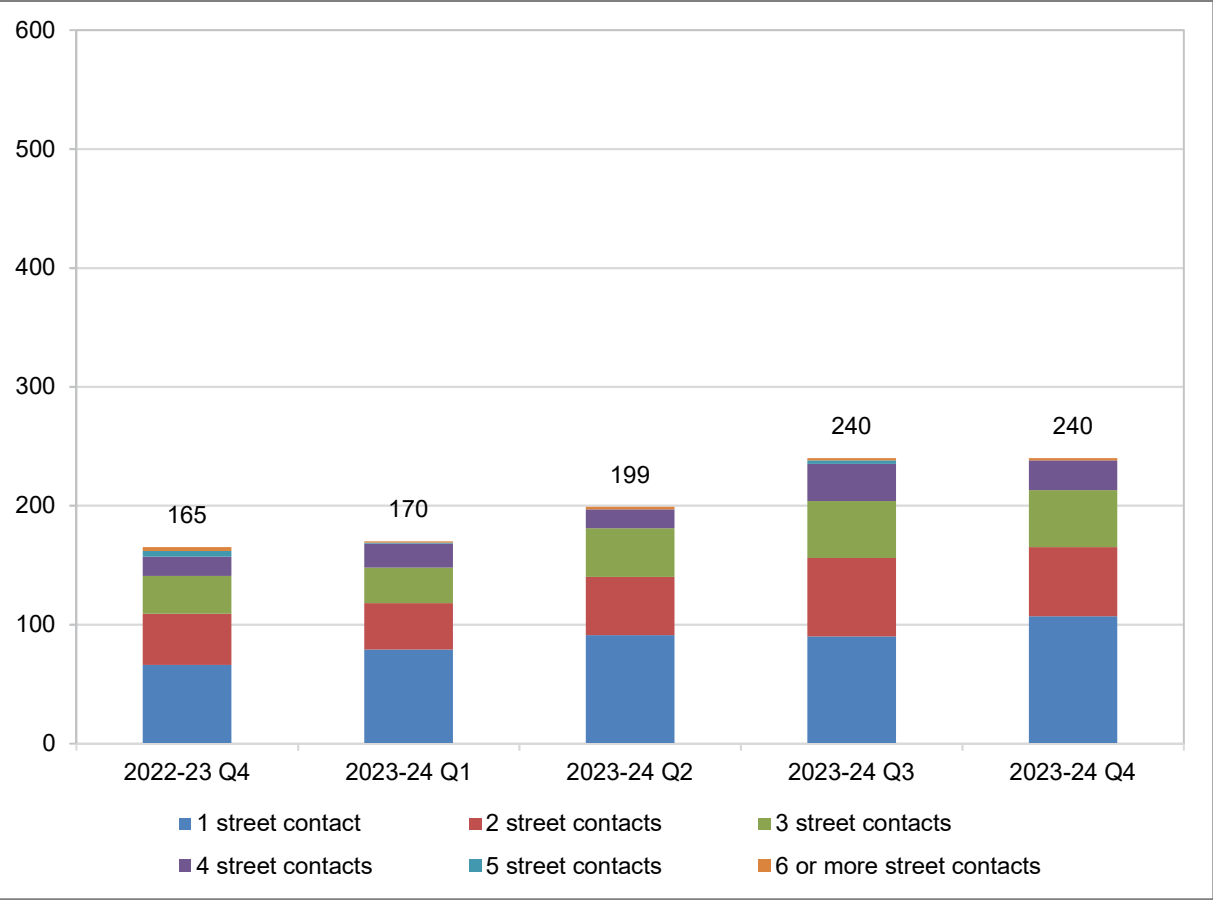


Table 4: Intermittent rough sleepers in 2023-24 Q4, by number of bedded down contacts during the period

No. bedded down street contacts during this period	No. intermittent rough sleepers
1 street contact	107
2 street contacts	58
3 street contacts	48
4 street contacts	25
5 street contacts	0
6 or more street contacts	2
Total	240

South East London Boroughs: Distribution

Table 5: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by borough

BOROUGH	New RS with no second night out	New RS with a second night out but not living on the streets	New RS joining living on the streets population	LOS - Known	LOS - RS205+	Intermittent rough sleeper	TOTAL
Bexley	11	4	2	7	0	10	34
Bromley	24	4	1	0	0	10	39
Greenwich	51	15	5	22	0	41	134
Lambeth	45	21	1	17	1	78	163
Lewisham	44	9	0	9	1	36	99
Southwark	38	24	6	28	1	65	162
UNIQUE TOTAL	213	74	15	80	3	240	625

3. NATIONALITY

Nationality: Rolling figures

Table 6: Nationality of people seen rough sleeping 2023-24 Q2 to 2023-24 Q4

	Jul-Sep 23		Oct-Dec 23		Jan-Mar 24	
Nationality	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
UK	359	58.8%	370	51.3%	309	53.0%
Romania	21	3.4%	41	5.7%	27	4.6%
Poland	21	3.4%	34	4.7%	20	3.4%
Lithuania	8	1.3%	7	1.0%	8	1.4%
Portugal	14	2.3%	16	2.2%	8	1.4%
Ireland (Republic of)	6	1.0%	6	0.8%	7	1.2%
Bulgaria	0	0.0%	6	0.8%	3	0.5%
Italy	3	0.5%	7	1.0%	11	1.9%
Latvia	4	0.7%	4	0.6%	2	0.3%
France	3	0.5%	5	0.7%	3	0.5%
Spain	4	0.7%	2	0.3%	3	0.5%
Other European (EEA) countries	12	2.0%	16	2.2%	11	1.9%
Europe (EEA)	96	15.7%	144	20.0%	103	17.7%
Europe (Non-EEA)	8	1.3%	7	1.0%	6	1.0%
Europe (Not known)	5	0.8%	5	0.7%	3	0.5%
Eritrea	28	4.6%	44	6.1%	30	5.1%
Sudan	6	1.0%	28	3.9%	19	3.3%
Nigeria	16	2.6%	15	2.1%	12	2.1%
Somalia	6	1.0%	5	0.7%	5	0.9%
Ethiopia	4	0.7%	3	0.4%	3	0.5%
Other African countries	21	3.4%	26	3.6%	33	5.7%
Africa	81	13.3%	121	16.8%	102	17.5%
India	5	0.8%	6	0.8%	5	0.9%
Afghanistan	11	1.8%	6	0.8%	13	2.2%
Iran	1	0.2%	14	1.9%	6	1.0%
Pakistan	3	0.5%	3	0.4%	1	0.2%
Bangladesh	0	0.0%	1	0.1%	2	0.3%
Other Asian countries	11	1.8%	19	2.6%	13	2.2%
Asia	31	5.1%	49	6.8%	40	6.9%
Americas	30	4.9%	25	3.5%	20	3.4%
Australasia	1	0.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Not known	50		50		42	
Total (excl. not known)	611	100.0%	721	100.0%	583	100.0%
Total (incl. not known)	661		771		625	

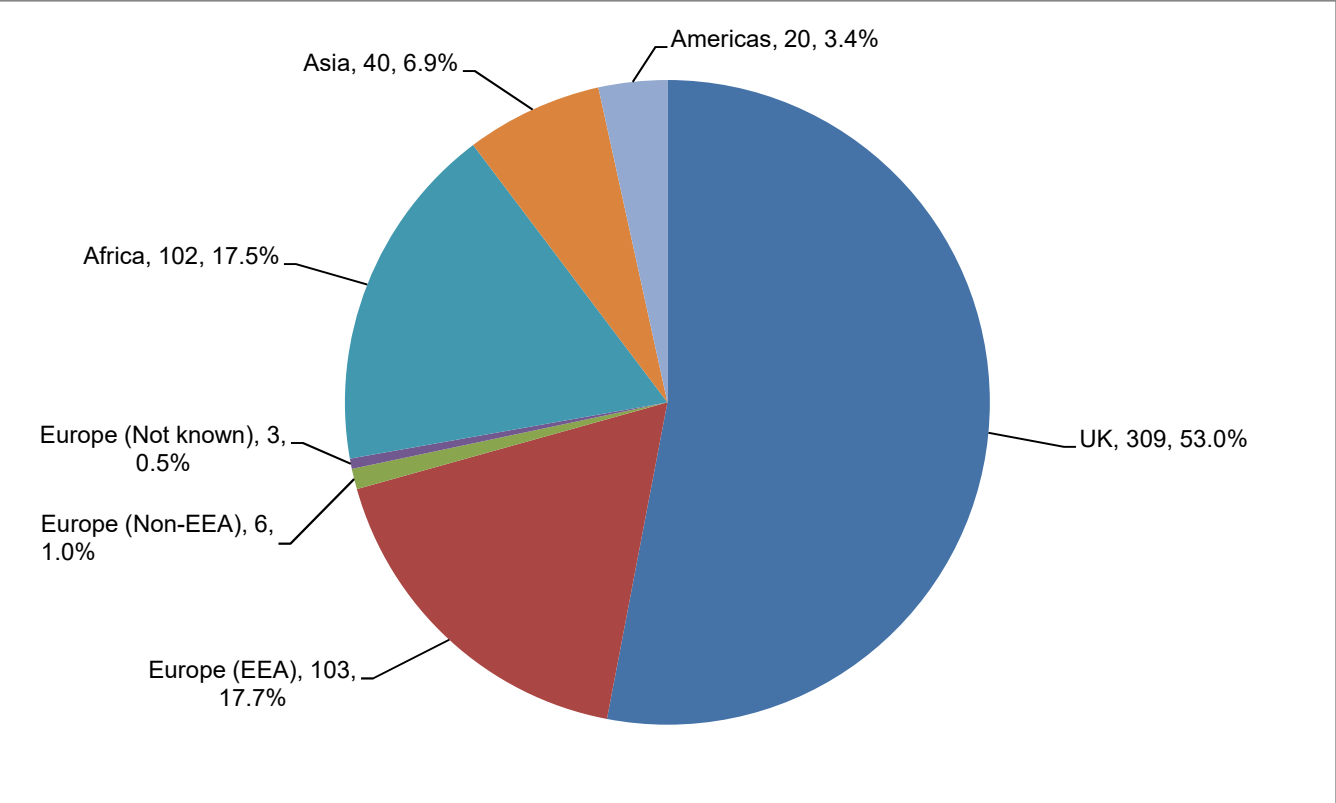
Total excluding not known is used as the base for percentages.

In individual borough reports some nationalities included in the table above may have '0' clients recorded against them – these nationalities are included in this standardised table as they represent a significant number of clients across London as a whole.

As of 2022/23 Q1, we have adjusted categories used for nationality reporting, so that the ten countries previously categorised as CEE are now included in the broader category of Europe (EEA).

Nationality: Breakdown by area

Chart 4: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by nationality

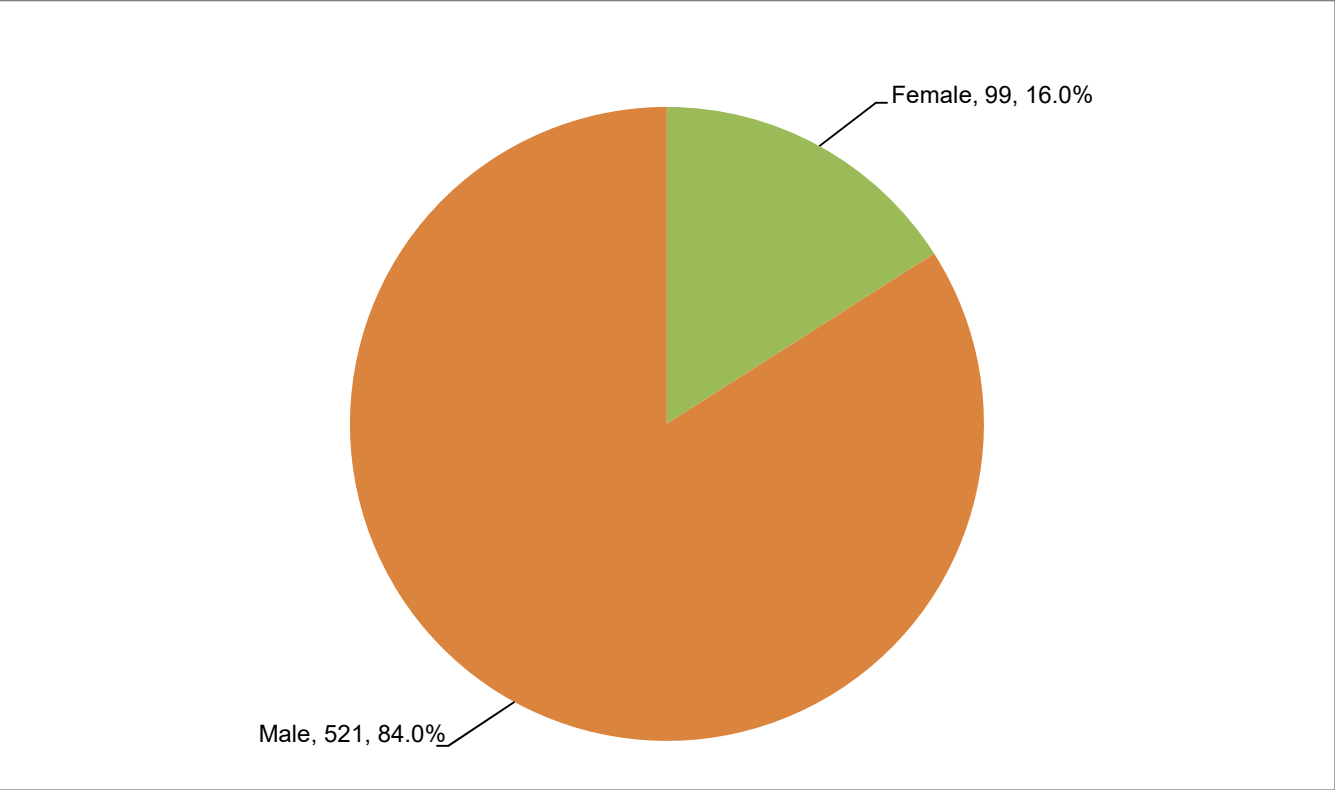


Base: 583 people seen rough sleeping during the period whose nationality was known.

4. DEMOGRAPHICS

Gender

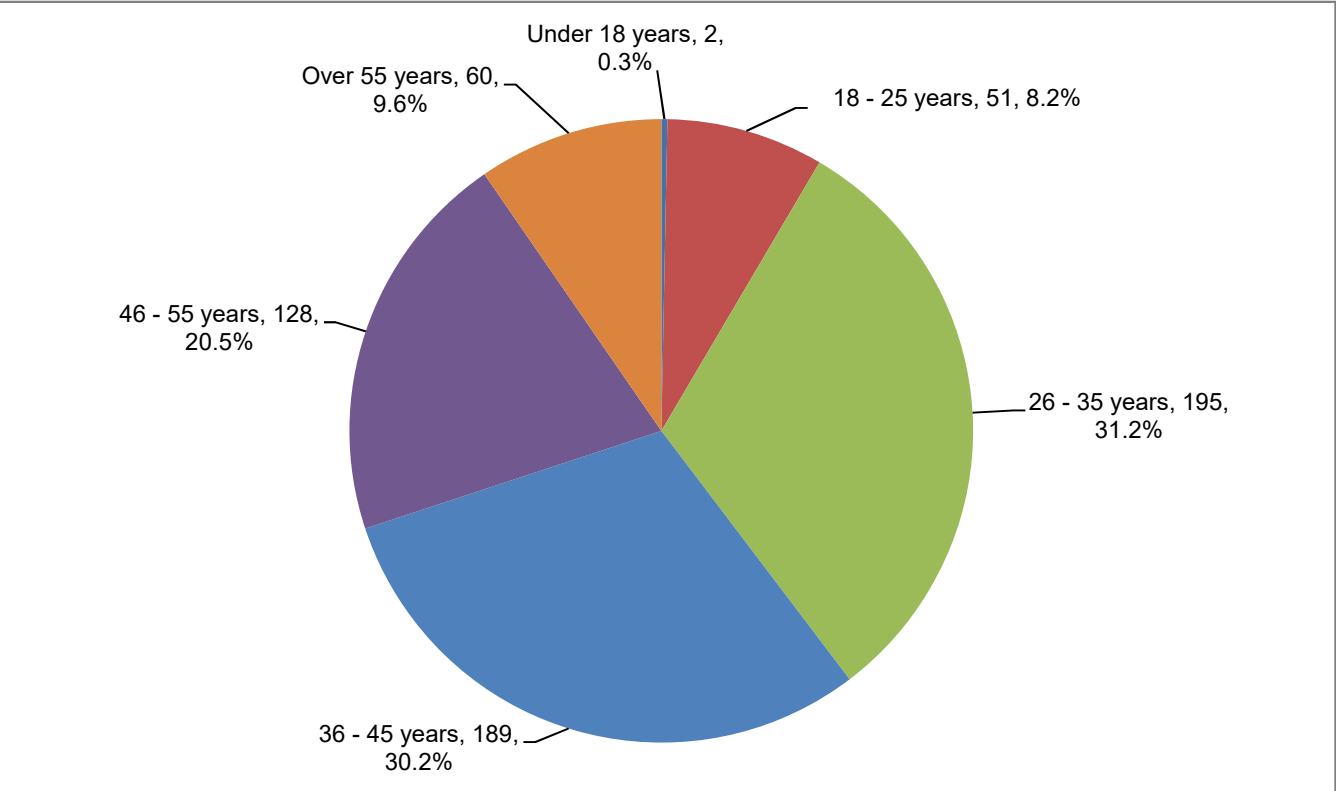
Chart 5: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by gender



Base: 620 people seen rough sleeping whose gender was known. This excludes 5 people whose gender was not known.

Age

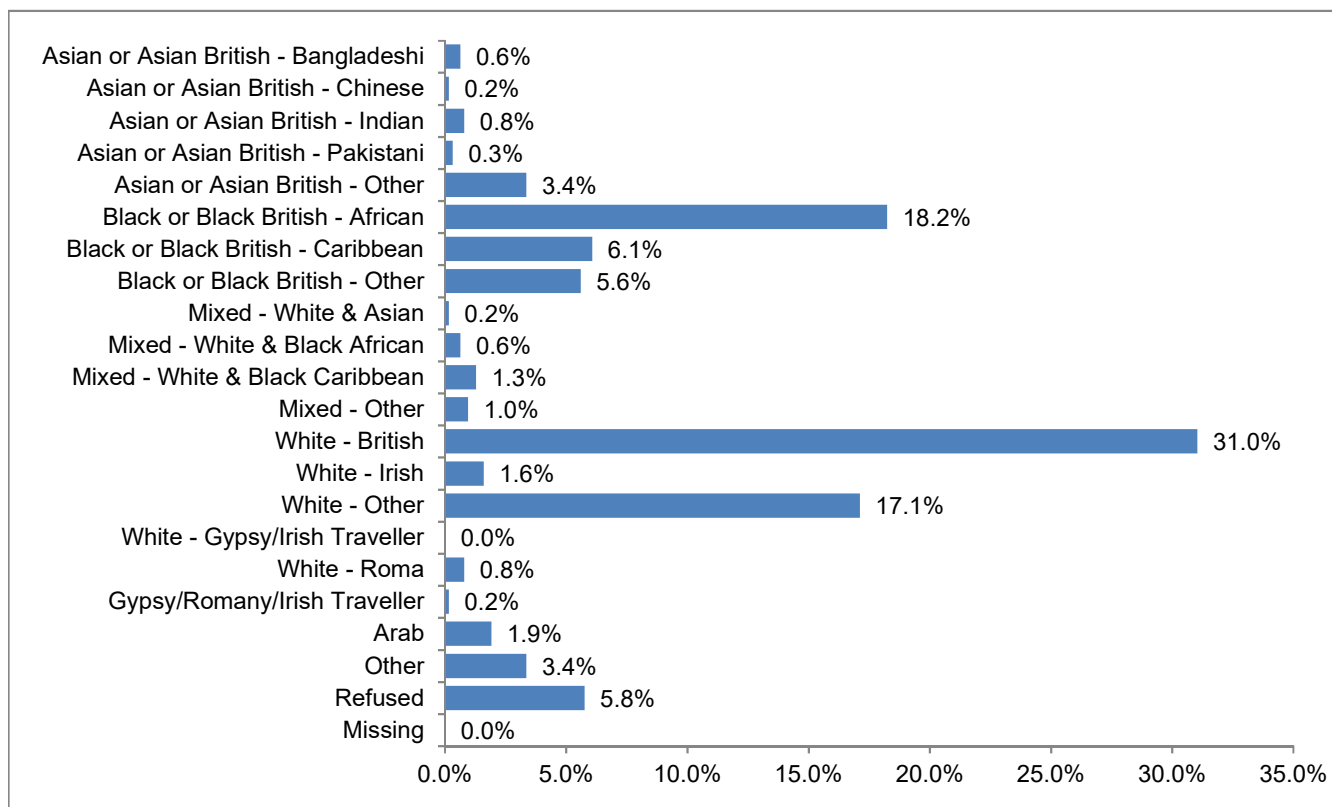
Chart 6: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by age



Base: 625

Ethnicity

Chart 7: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by ethnicity

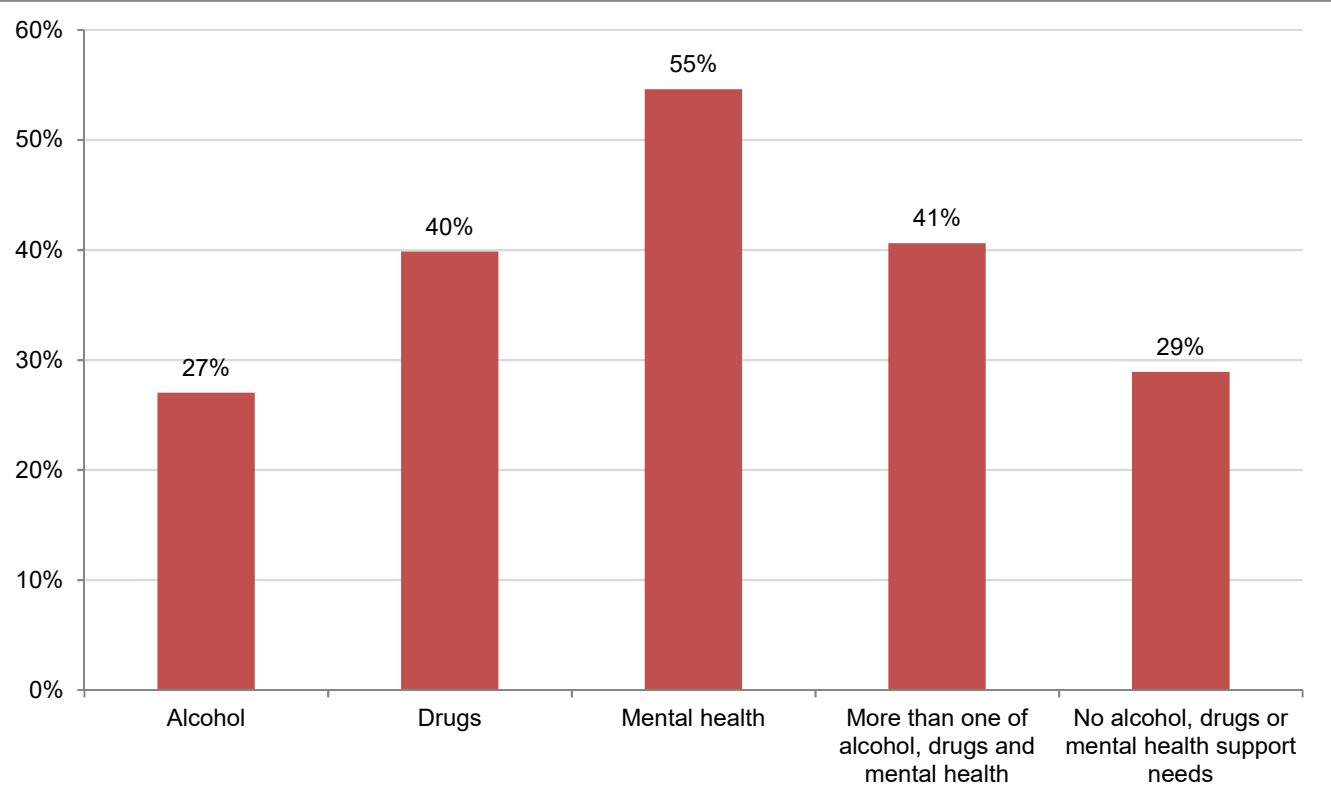


Base: 625

The previously employed category of 'Gypsy/Romany/Irish Traveller' was replaced with separate categories for 'White - Gypsy/Irish Traveller' and 'White - Roma' in April 2021. However, many people seen rough sleeping during the period may not have had their ethnicity information updated to reflect these new categories, so the original category is also included in the graph.

5. SUPPORT NEEDS

Chart 8: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by support needs



Base: 522. Note that the base figure for this chart excludes people for whom none of the three support needs were known or assessed (103)

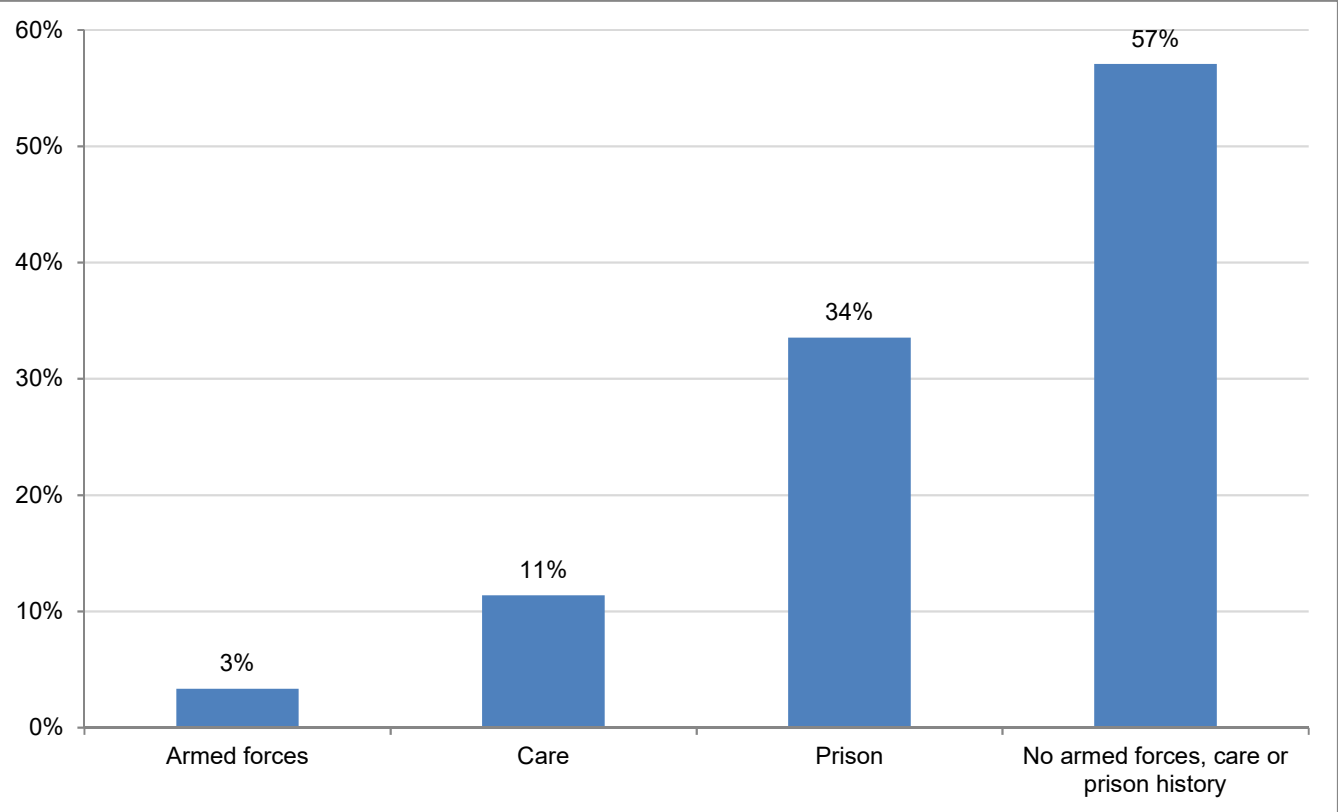
Table 7: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by support needs combination

Support Needs	No. people	% of people seen rough sleeping
Alcohol only	27	5%
Drugs only	40	8%
Mental health only	87	17%
Alcohol and drugs	14	3%
Alcohol and mental health	44	8%
Drugs and mental health	98	19%
Alcohol, drugs and mental health	56	11%
All three no	151	29%
All three no, not known or not assessed	5	1%
All three not known or not assessed	103	
Total (excl. not assessed)	522	100%
Total (incl. not assessed)	625	

Total excluding not known or assessed is used as base for percentages.

6. INSTITUTIONAL & ARMED FORCES HISTORY

Chart 9: People seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4, by experience of armed forces, care or prison



Base: 510. Note that the base figure for this chart excludes people for whom none of the three institutional histories were assessed.

Table 8: Nationality of people seen rough sleeping in 2023-24 Q4 with experience of armed forces

Nationality	No. people	% of people seen rough sleeping
UK	7	1%
Non-UK	10	2%
Not known/recorded	0	0%
Total	17	3%

7. ACCOMMODATION & RECONNECTION OUTCOMES

Reconnections and bookings into accommodation achieved by outreach teams and other borough based support services during the period. People included in these figures will have been seen rough sleeping at some point in their history, but not necessarily during the reporting period.

Table 9: Accommodation and reconnection outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q4, compared to 2023-24 Q3, by number of people

	Oct-Dec 23	Jan-Mar 24
Outcome	No. people	No. people
Booked into accommodation or reconnected	178	151
Booked into accommodation	176	148
Booked into hub, shelter or emergency accommodation	74	75
Booked into temporary accommodation	112	96
Booked into long-term accommodation	11	7
Reconnected	2	5

Some people may have been booked into more than one type of accommodation during the period.

Table 10: Reconnection outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q4, compared to 2023-24 Q3, by number of outcomes

	Oct-Dec 23		Jan-Mar 24	
Reconnection reason	No. events	%	No. events	%
Return to home area	1	50%	5	100%
Seeking work	0	0%	0	0%
Move to area for friends/family	1	50%	0	0%
Move to area with appropriate services	0	0%	3	60%
Reconnections total	2		5	

An individual may have had more than one reconnection during the period. Reconnections can be recorded with multiple reasons, so the overall total will be lower than the combined sum of the separate reconnection reasons. Percentages are based on the total number of reconnections.

	Oct-Dec 23		Jan-Mar 24	
Reconnection destination	No. events	%	No. events	%
UK - London	0	0%	4	80%
UK - outside London	2	100%	1	20%
Europe	0	0%	0	0%
Rest of the world	0	0%	0	0%
<i>Not known</i>	0		0	
Reconnections total (excl. destination not known)	2	100%	5	100%

An individual may have had more than one reconnection during the period.

Table 11: Accommodation outcomes achieved during 2023-24 Q4, compared to 2023-24 Q3, by number of outcomes

Accommodation type	Oct-Dec 23		Jan-Mar 24	
	No. events	%	No. events	%
Hubs, shelters and emergency accommodation				
Hub	8	4%	0	0%
Nightstop	0	0%	0	0%
SWEP (Local)	34	16%	64	33%
SWEP (Pan-London)	6	3%	14	7%
Winter/Night Shelter	37	17%	9	5%
<i>Hubs, shelters and emergency accommodation subtotal</i>	<i>85</i>	<i>39%</i>	<i>87</i>	<i>45%</i>
Temporary accommodation				
Assessment centre	51	24%	32	16%
Bed & breakfast	13	6%	10	5%
Clinic/Detox/Rehab	0	0%	0	0%
Friends & family	0	0%	0	0%
Hostel	16	7%	24	12%
Local authority temporary accommodation	12	6%	11	6%
Staging post	28	13%	20	10%
Other temporary accommodation	1	0%	3	2%
<i>Temporary accommodation subtotal</i>	<i>121</i>	<i>56%</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>52%</i>
Long-term accommodation				
Care home	1	0%	0	0%
Clearing House/RSI	2	1%	1	1%
Local authority tenancy (general needs)	0	0%	1	1%
Private rented sector - independent	1	0%	1	1%
Private rented sector - with some floating support	2	1%	0	0%
RSL tenancy (general needs)	0	0%	0	0%
Sheltered housing	0	0%	0	0%
Supported housing	4	2%	3	2%
Tied accommodation	0	0%	1	1%
Other long-term accommodation	1	0%	0	0%
<i>Long-term accommodation subtotal</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>4%</i>
Total	217	100%	194	100%

An individual may have been booked into accommodation more than once during the period.

8. TEMPORARY ACCOMMODATION

Hostels, assessment centres and second-stage accommodation based in the boroughs.

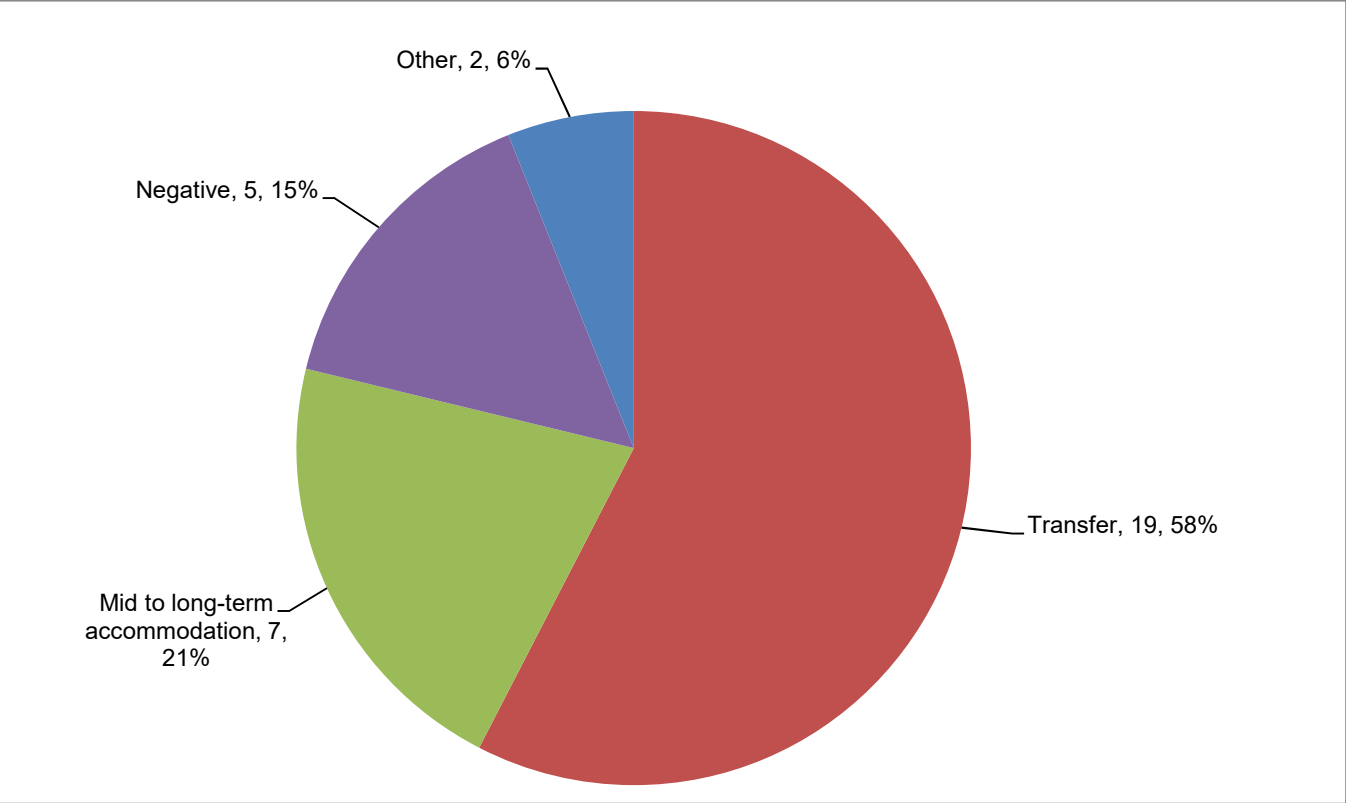
Arrivals

A total of 12 individuals arrived at temporary accommodation during the period.

Departures: Destination on Departure

A total of 33 individuals departed from temporary accommodation during the period.

Chart 10: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q4, by destination on departure



Base: 33

Destination on departure	Destination category	Chart colour
Assessment Centre, Bed & Breakfast, Covid-19 emergency hotel, Detox clinic, Hospital - not long-term/acute care, Hostel - another organisation, Hostel - within the organisation, Internal SWEP transfer, Internal transfer, NASS accommodation, Night shelter, NSNO staging post, Psychiatric hospital, Rehab clinic, Temporary accommodation (LA)	Transfer	
Accommodation where client is owner, Care home, Clearing House/RSI, Hospital - long-term, LA tenancy (general needs), Long stay hospice, Private rented sector - independent, Private rented sector - with some floating support, Returned to home country (EEA), Returned to home country (non EEA), RSL tenancy (general needs), Sheltered Housing, Supported Housing, Tied accommodation with work	Mid to long-term accommodation	
Died by suicide, Not known, Sleeping rough/Returned to streets, Taken into custody	Negative	
Died, Previous home, Staying with family, Staying with friends, Other	Other	

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

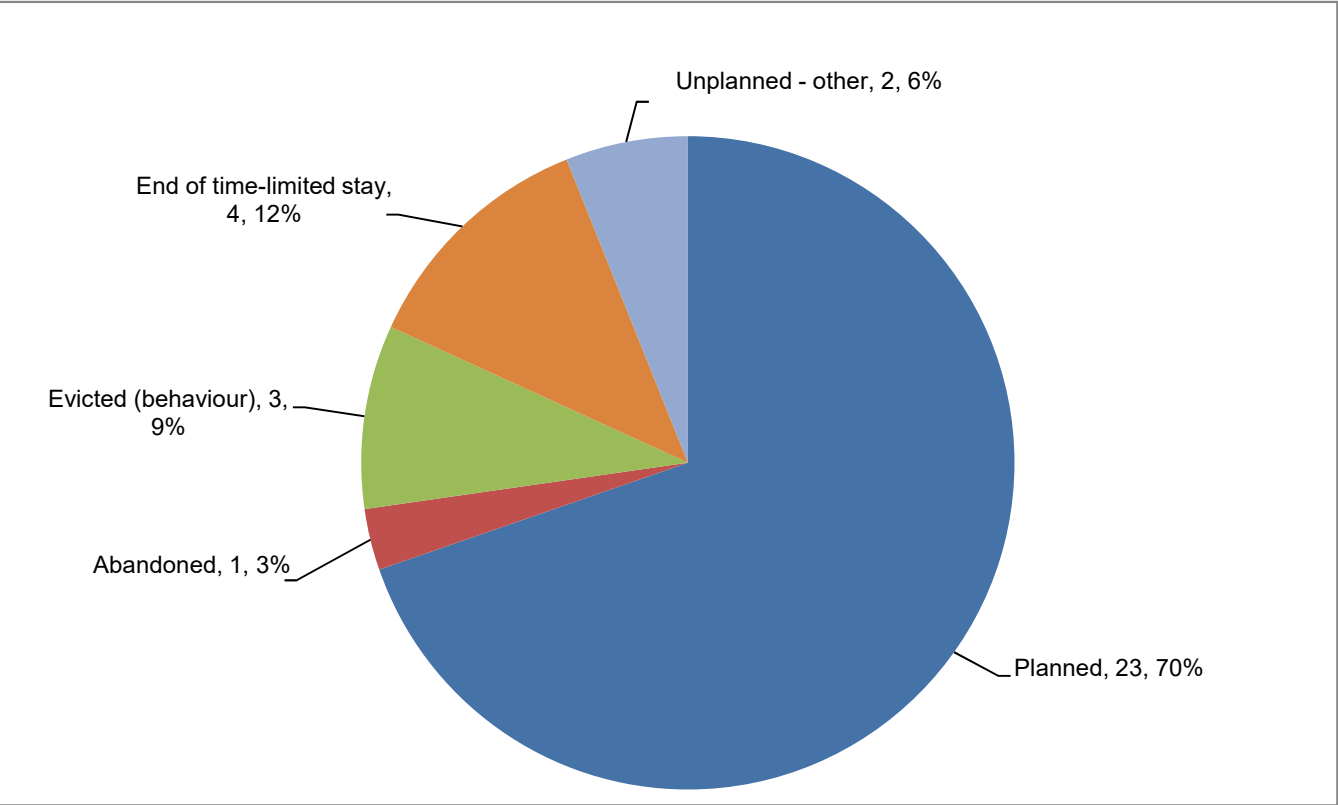
Table 12: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q4, by destination on departure

Destination on departure	No. departures	%
Transfer		
Assessment centre	4	12%
Bed & breakfast	0	0%
Detox clinic	0	0%
Hospital - not long-term/acute care	0	0%
Hostel - another organisation	3	9%
Hostel - within the organisation	3	9%
Hosting placement	0	0%
Internal SWEP transfer	0	0%
Internal transfer	1	3%
NASS accommodation	1	3%
Night shelter	0	0%
NSNO staging post	0	0%
Psychiatric hospital	0	0%
Rehab clinic	0	0%
Temporary accommodation (LA)	7	21%
<i>Transfer subtotal</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>58%</i>
Mid to long-term accommodation		
Accommodation where client is owner	0	0%
Care home	0	0%
Clearing House/RSI	0	0%
Hospital - long-term	0	0%
LA tenancy (general needs)	0	0%
Long stay hospice	0	0%
Private rented sector - independent	2	6%
Private rented sector - with some floating support	0	0%
Returned to home country (EEA)	1	3%
Returned to home country (non EEA)	0	0%
RSL tenancy (general needs)	1	3%
Sheltered Housing	0	0%
Supported Housing	2	6%
Tied accommodation with work	1	3%
<i>Mid to long-term accommodation subtotal</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>21%</i>
Negative		
Died by suicide	0	0%
Not known	1	3%
Sleeping rough/Returned to streets	3	9%
Taken into custody	1	3%
<i>Negative subtotal</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>15%</i>
Other		
Died	0	0%
Previous home	1	3%
Staying with family	0	0%
Staying with friends	0	0%
Other	1	3%
<i>Other subtotal</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>6%</i>
Total	33	100%

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

Departures: Reason for Leaving

Chart 11: Departures from temporary accommodation in 2023-24 Q4, by reason for leaving



Base: 33

An individual may have had more than one accommodation departure during the period.

9. METHODOLOGY

From January 2014 onwards, CHAIN rough sleeping figures returned to being reported on a quarterly basis, following a two year period of reporting on a bi-monthly cycle.

Alongside the change in reporting period, we have also made some other adjustments to our reporting methodology. People who have been seen rough sleeping in more than one borough during the period will now be counted towards the figures for each relevant borough, rather than being assigned to one borough only, as was previously the case with bi-monthly reports. This means that the overall unique rough sleepers total for London will not be the same as the sum of all separate borough figures.

The new quarterly reports continue to employ the methodology of assigning rough sleepers to categories based on the following factors:

- Whether they were new rough sleepers during the period
- How many times they were seen rough sleeping during the period
- Number of days elapsed between first and last time they were seen rough sleeping during the period

We continue to apply the same thresholds for the above factors to the quarterly reporting period that we previously used for bi-monthly reporting. A further explanation of the individual categories follows.

New rough sleepers

New rough sleepers, who were seen for the first time during the period. The total number of new rough sleepers is broken down into those who were seen just once and did not have a second night out, those who were seen on several occasions, but as yet have not been on the streets long enough to count as 'living on the streets', and those new to the streets who remained there long enough to fulfil the criteria for 'living on the streets' (outlined below).

Living on the streets (LOS)

With the designation 'living on the streets' we refer to rough sleepers who have stayed on the streets after arriving, and are entrenched or at risk of becoming so. In determining who is counted as living on the streets we have used a combination of time on the streets (three or more weeks between the earliest and latest bedded down contact) and number of bedded down contacts (five or more contacts) during the period we are reporting on. If a person is seen bedded down six times, but only during one week, he or she does not count. If a person has four bedded down contacts, but spread over two months, he or she would also not count. To be counted a rough sleeper must have both elements.

The reporting period covers three months. However, to ensure that we do not miss those whose rough sleeping crosses over reporting periods we look back for the three weeks immediately before the start of the three month reporting period. For a rough sleeper in these circumstances, if they are not seen again, he or she will not be reported living on the streets in the next period.

The LOS total will include some who were new to the streets in the period, but whose stay extended beyond three weeks and who were seen bedded down at least five times - these are transferred from the new rough sleeper figures (shown in red in both section one and two of the report).

It is important to note that a rough sleeper who is included in the LOS total will not necessarily have been living on the streets for the entirety of the quarter in question, but they were living on the streets for a significant period during the quarter. The LOS total will also include some who are no longer on the streets, having gone into accommodation (or disappeared). They will not appear in the subsequent LOS total. Rough sleepers will only count as LOS during the period where they meet the above definition.

RS205+ refers to people who have been identified as especially hard to help because of their prolific history of rough sleeping. This group appear in the LOS chart if they have any number of bedded down contacts within the two months being reported on.

Intermittent rough sleepers

Intermittent rough sleepers are those who are not new in this period, and have not been seen rough sleeping enough to be deemed living on the streets. This group includes those who sleep rough periodically for very short periods (including some street drinkers and beggars). It also will include those who return to the streets for a longer period (but in this period less than the 'living on the streets' definition). Those that go on to be living on the streets will appear in that category in the next period.

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